AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- 1-56. (Cancelled)
- 57. (Original) An apparatus for sensing a remote object, the apparatus comprising:

a receiver comprising J receive elements, wherein each of the J receive elements receives a carrier signal from the remote object, and provides a corresponding one of J element signals;

a receiver signal generator configured to generate J statistically independent chip sequences, wherein each chip sequence comprises a plurality of chips each having a random phase; and

a modulator configured to modulate the J element signals with a corresponding one of the J statistically independent chip sequences to generate J modulated signals, wherein each modulated signal comprises a plurality of chips each having a random phase.

- 58. (Original) The apparatus of claim 57, further comprising a processor to perform a signal comparison for a direction of interest.
- 59. (Original) The apparatus of claim 58, wherein the processor comprises: a signal combiner configured to combine the modulated signals to form a resultant signal; and

a correlator configured to compare the resultant signal and a predicted received signal.

60. (Original) The apparatus of claim 57, wherein the modulator comprises: a storage element configured to store snapshots of the element signals and output the stored snapshots multiple times; and

a processing element configured to randomize phases of the J stored snapshots and to perform signal comparison for the direction of interest.

61. (Original) The apparatus of claim 60, wherein the processing element comprises:

a signal combiner configured to combine the stored snapshots to form a resultant signal; and

a correlator configured to compare the resultant signal and a predicted received signal.

62. (Original) A method for sensing a remote object comprising:

receiving a carrier signal from the remote object in each of J receive elements,

and wherein each of the J receive elements provides a corresponding one of J element signals;

generating J statistically independent chip sequences, wherein each chip sequence comprises a plurality of chips each having a random phase; and

modulating each of the J element signals with a corresponding one of the J statistically independent chip sequences, to generate J adjusted signals, wherein each adjusted signal comprises a plurality of chips each having a random phase.

63. (Original) The method of claim 62, further comprising performing signal comparison on the adjusted signals for a direction of interest.

64. (Original) The method of claim 63, wherein performing signal comparison comprises:

combining the adjusted signals to form a resultant signal; and performing signal comparison between the resultant signal and a predicted signal.

- 65. (Original) The method of claim 62 further comprising: storing snapshots of the element signals; outputting the stored snapshots multiple times; and performing signal comparison on the stored snapshots for a direction of interest.
- 66. (Original) The method of claim 65, wherein performing signal comparison comprises:

combining the stored snapshots to form a resultant signal; and performing signal comparison between the resultant signal and a predicted signal.

- 67-68. (Canceled)
- 69. (Original) An apparatus for detecting a remote object, the apparatus comprising:

a plurality of receive elements to receive a carrier signal to form a plurality of element signals, the carrier signal arriving from a remote object;

a receiver signal modulator to randomly chip the plurality of element signals to form adjusted signals;

a processing element configured for a direction of interest to perform signal comparison as a function of the adjusted signal.

70. (Original) The apparatus of claim 69, wherein the processing element comprises:

a signal combiner configured to combine the adjusted signals to form a resultant signal; and

a correlator configured to compare the resultant signal and a predicted received signal.

71. (Original) An apparatus for detecting a remote object, the apparatus comprising:

a plurality of receive elements to receive a carrier signal from the remote object to form a plurality of element signals;

a storage element configured to store a snapshot of each of the plurality of element signals and output the snapshots; and

a processing element configured to randomly phase chip the stored snapshots and to perform signal comparison for a direction of interest.

72. (Original) The apparatus of claim 71, wherein the processing element comprises:

a receiver modulator configured to randomly phase chip the stored snapshots to form adjusted signals;

a signal combiner configured to combine the adjusted signals to form a resultant signal;

a correlator configured to compare the resultant signal and a predicted received signal.

73. (Canceled)

74. (Currently amended) The A method of claim 73 for sensing a remote object comprising:

receiving a carrier signal from the remote object in a plurality of receive elements to form a plurality of element signals;

randomizing phases of the element signals to form adjusted signals, wherein randomizing comprises random phase chipping the element signals to form adjusted signals; and wherein performing signal comparison comprises combining the adjusted signals to form a resultant signal and performing signal comparison between the resultant signal and a predicted received signal to form a correlated signal; and

performing signal comparison for a direction of interest as a function of the adjusted signals.

75. (Original) A method for detecting a remote object comprising:

receiving a carrier signal from a remote object in a plurality of receive elements to

form a plurality of receive element signals;

generating a plurality of random phase modulation signals; and phase-modulating each the plurality of receive element signals with a corresponding one of the plurality of random phase modulation signals to form a plurality of phase-modulated signals.

- 76. (Original) The method of claim 75, wherein the random phase modulation signals are uncorrelated random phase signals.
- 77. (Original) The method of claim 75, further comprising combining the plurality of phase-modulated signals into a combined signal.

- 78. (Original) The method of claim 77, wherein combining comprises summing the plurality of phase-modulated signals into the combined signal.
- 79. (Original) The method of claim 77, further comprising detecting the carrier signal from the combined signal.
- 80. (Original) The method of claim 79, further comprising extracting location information from the detected carrier signal.
- 81. (Original) The method of claim 77, further comprising generating an expected signal; and correlating the combined signal with the expected signal to form a correlation signal.
- 82. (Original) The method of claim 81, wherein generating an expected signal comprises generating the expected signal as a function of the plurality of phase modulation signals.
- 83. (Original) The method of claim 81, wherein generating the expected signal comprises generating the expected signal from a particular direction.
- 84. (Original) The method of claim 83, wherein generating the expected signal comprises generating a plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions; and wherein correlating the combined signal comprises correlating the combined signal with each of the plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions to form a plurality of correlation signals.
- 85. (Original) The method of claim 84, further comprising determining a location of the remote object using the plurality of correlation signals.

- 86. (Original) The method of claim 81, wherein correlating the combined signal with the expected signal comprises cross-correlating the combined signal with the expected signal to form a cross-correlation signal.
 - 87. (Original) The method of claim 81, further comprises storing the correlation signal in a correlation signal memory; and analyzing the correlation signal to determine a location of the remote object.
- 88. (Original) A receiver for detecting a remote object comprising:

 a plurality of receive elements, each receiving a carrier signal from a remote object to form a plurality of receive element signals;

a modulation signal generator to generate a plurality of random phase modulation signals; and

a signal modulator to phase-modulate each of the plurality of receive element signals with a corresponding one of the phase modulation signals to form a plurality of phase-modulated signals.

- 89. (Original) The receiver of claim 88, wherein the phase modulation signals are uncorrelated random phase signals.
- 90. (Original) The receiver of claim 88, further comprising a signal combiner to combine the plurality of phase-modulated signals into a combined signal.
- 91. (Original) The receiver of claim 90, wherein the signal combiner sums the plurality of phase-modulated signals into the combined signal.
- 92. (Original) The receiver of claim 90, comprising a detector to detect the carrier signal from the combined signal.

- 93. (Original) The receiver of claim 92, comprising a signal processor for extracting location information from the detected carrier signal.
- 94. (Original) The receiver of claim 90, further comprising a receiver calculator to generate an expected signal; and a signal correlator to correlate the combined signal with the expected signal to form a correlation signal.
- 95. (Original) The receiver of claim 94, wherein the receiver calculator generates the expected signal as a function of the plurality of phase modulation signals.
- 96. (Original) The receiver of claim 94, wherein the receiver calculator generates the expected signal from a particular direction.
- 97. (Original) The receiver of claim 92, wherein the receiver calculator generates a plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions; and wherein the signal correlator separately correlates the combined signal with each of the plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions to form a plurality of correlation signals.
- 98. (Original) The receiver of claim 94, wherein the correlator comprises a cross-correlator to correlate the combined signal with the expected signal to form a cross-correlation signal.
 - 99. (Original) The receiver of claim 94, further comprising: a correlation signal memory to store the correlation signal; and a signal processor to analyze the correlation signal.
 - 100. (Original) A method detecting a remote object comprising:

simultaneously receiving a plurality of carrier signals in a receiver having a plurality of receive elements, wherein each carrier signal arrives from a corresponding one of a plurality of remote objects;

forming a plurality of receive element signals in the plurality of receive elements; forming a combined signal derived from the plurality of receive element signals; and

detecting each of the plurality of carrier signals from the combined signal by a different spatial location of each remote object.

101. (Original) The method of claim 100, further comprising generating a plurality of phase modulation signals; and phase-modulating each of the plurality of receive element signals with a different one of the phase modulation signals to form a plurality of phase-modulated signals.

- 102. (Original) The method of claim 101, wherein the phase modulation signals are uncorrelated random phase modulation signals.
- 103. (Original) The method of claim 100, wherein forming the combined signal comprises combining the plurality of phase-modulated signals into a combined signal.
- 104. (Original) The method of claim 103, wherein combining comprises summing the plurality of phase-modulated signals into the combined signal.
- 105. (Original) The method of claim 100, further comprising extracting location information from the detected carrier signals.
- 106. (Original) The method of claim 100, wherein detecting comprises generating an expected signal; and correlating the combined signal with the expected signal to form a correlation signal.

- 107. (Original) The method of claim 106, wherein generating an expected signal comprises generating the expected signal as a function of the plurality of phase modulation signals.
- 108. (Original) The method of claim 106, wherein generating the expected signal comprises generating the expected signal from a particular direction.
- 109. (Original) The method of claim 108, wherein generating the expected signal comprises generating a plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions; and wherein correlating the combined signal comprises correlating the combined signal with each of the plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions to form a plurality of correlation signals.
- 110. (Original) The method of claim 106, wherein correlating the combined signal with the expected signal comprises cross-correlating the combined signal with the expected signal to form a cross-correlation signal.
 - 111. (Original) The method of claim 106, further comprising: storing the correlation signal in a correlation signal memory; and analyzing the correlation signal.
- 112. (Original) A receiver for detecting a remote object, the receiver comprising:

a plurality of receive elements to simultaneously receive a plurality of carrier signals to form a plurality of receive element signals, wherein each carrier signal arrives from a corresponding one of a plurality of remote objects, wherein each remote object has a different spatial location;

a signal combiner to form a combined signal derived from the plurality of receive element signals; and

a detector to detect each of the plurality of carrier signals from the combined signal by its different spatial location.

113. (Original) The receiver of claim 112, further comprising:

a modulation signal generator to generate a plurality of random phase modulation signals; and

a signal modulator to phase-modulate each of the plurality of receive element signals with a different one of the phase modulation signals to form a plurality of phase-modulated signals.

- 114. (Original) The receiver of 113, wherein the plurality of random phase modulation signals are uncorrelated random phase signals.
- 115. (Original) The receiver of claim 113, wherein the signal combiner combines the plurality of phase-modulated signals into a combined signal.
- 116. (Original) The receiver of claim 115, wherein the signal combiner sums the plurality of phase-modulated signals into the combined signal.
- 117. (Original) The receiver of claim 112, comprising a signal processor for extracting location information from the detected carrier signal.
 - 118. (Original) The receiver of claim 112, further comprising:
 - a receiver calculator to generate an expected signal; and
- a signal correlator to correlate the combined signal with the expected signal to form a correlation signal.

- 119. (Original) The receiver of claim 118, wherein the receiver calculator generates the expected signal as a function of the plurality of phase modulation signals.
- 120. (Original) The receiver of claim 118, wherein the receiver calculator generates the expected signal from a particular direction.
- 121. (Original) The receiver of claim 120, wherein the receiver calculator generates a plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions; and wherein the signal correlator correlates the combined signal with each of the plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions to form a plurality of correlation signals.
- 122. (Original) The receiver of claim 118, wherein the signal correlator cross-correlates the combined signal with the expected signal to form a cross-correlation signal.
 - 123. (Original) The receiver of claim 118, further comprising:
 a memory to store the correlation signal in a correlation signal memory; and
 a signal processor to analyze the correlation signal.
- 124. (Original) A method for a detecting remote object comprising:

 receiving a carrier signal from a remote object in a plurality of receive elements to

 form a plurality of receive element signals, wherein the carrier signal has a modulation

 rate:

generating a plurality of phase modulation signals, wherein the phase modulation signals have a chipping rate and the chipping rate exceeds the modulation rate; and phase-modulating each of the plurality of receive element signals with a different one of the phase modulation signals from a plurality of phase-modulated signals.

- 125. (Original) The method of claim 124, wherein the phase modulation signals are random phase modulation signals.
- 126. (Original) The method of claim 125, wherein the random phase modulation signals are uncorrelated random phase signals.
- 127. (Original) The method of claim 124, further comprising combining the plurality of phase-modulated signals into a combined signal.
- 128. (Original) The method of claim 127, wherein combining comprises summing the plurality of phase-modulated signals into the combined signal.
- 129. (Original) The method of claim 127, further comprising detecting the carrier signal from the combined signal.
- 130. (Original) The method of claim 129, further comprising extracting location information from the detected carrier signal.
 - 131. (Original) The method of claim 127, further comprising generating an expected signal; and

correlating the combined signal with the expected signal to form a correlation signal.

- 132. (Original) The method of claim 131, wherein generating an expected signal comprises generating the expected signal as a function of the plurality of phase modulation signals.
- 133. (Original) The method of claim 131, wherein generating the expected signal comprises generating the expected signal from a particular direction.
- 134. (Original) The method of claim 133, wherein generating the expected signal comprises generating a plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions;

and wherein correlating the combined signal comprises correlating the combined signal with each of the plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions to form a plurality of correlation signals.

- 135. (Original) The method of claim 131, wherein correlating the combined signal with the expected signal comprises cross-correlating the combined signal with the expected signal to form a cross-correlation signal.
 - 136. (Original) The method of claim 131, further comprising: storing the correlation signal in a correlation signal memory; and analyzing the correlation signal.
- 137. (Original) A method for detecting a remote object comprising:

 receiving a signal from a remote object in a plurality of receive elements to form a plurality of receive element signals;

generating a plurality of phase modulation signals independent of the direction of the remote object; and

phase-modulating each the plurality of receive element signals with a different one of the plurality of random phase modulation signals to form a plurality of phase-modulated signals.

- 138. (Original) The method of claim 137, wherein the phase modulation signals are random phase modulation signals.
- 139. (Original) The method of claim 138, wherein the random phase modulation signals are uncorrelated random phase signals.
- 140. (Original) The method of claim 137, further comprising combining the plurality of phase-modulated signals into a combined signal.

- 141. (Original) The method of claim 140, wherein combining comprises summing the plurality of phase-modulated signals into the combined signal.
- 142. (Original) The method of claim 140, further comprising detecting the carrier signal from the combined signal.
- 143. (Original) The method of claim 142, further comprising extracting location information from the detected carrier signal.
- 144. (Original) The method of claim 140, further comprising:
 generating an expected signal; and
 correlating the combined signal with the expected signal to form a correlation signal.
- 145. (Original) The method of claim 144, wherein generating an expected signal comprises generating the expected signal as a function of the plurality of phase modulation signals.
- 146. (Original) The method of claim 144, wherein generating the expected signal comprises generating the expected signal from a particular direction.
- 147. (Original) The method of claim 146, wherein generating the expected signal comprises generating a plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions; and wherein correlating the combined signal comprises correlating the combined signal with each of the plurality of expected signals from a plurality of directions to form a plurality of correlation signals.
- 148. (Original) The method of claim 144, wherein correlating the combined signal with the expected signal comprises cross-correlating the combined signal with the expected signal to form a cross-correlation signal.

149. (Original) The method of claim 144, further comprising: storing the correlation signal in a correlation signal memory; and analyzing the correlation signal.